



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## HAWAII.

*Report from Honolulu—Examination of rats for plague infection.*

Passed Assistant Surgeon Currie reports that during the week ended March 21, 163 rats were examined bacteriologically at the plague laboratory of the Service at Honolulu. No plague infection found.

## INDIA.

*Report from Calcutta—Transactions of Service—Cholera, plague, and smallpox—Plague in India and Bengal.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, March 5:

During the week ended February 29, a bill of health was issued to the steamship *Braunfels*, bound for Philadelphia and New York with a total crew of 76. The usual precautions were taken, the holds fumigated, rat guards placed on the wharf lines and the lascars' effects disinfected.

During the week ended February 15 there were 129 deaths from cholera, 13 from plague, and 8 from smallpox. In Bengal during the week there were 712 cases of plague with 588 deaths. In India during the same period there were 5,565 cases of plague with 4,531 deaths.

## ITALY.

*Report from Naples—Inspection of vessels—Emigrants recommended for rejection—Smallpox in Italy.*

Assistant Surgeon Wollenberg reports, March 16:

Week ended March 14. Vessels inspected at Naples and Palermo:

## NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of large baggage inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Mar. 9	San Giovanni .....	New York .....	160	20	190
10	Luisiana .....	do .....	422	40	520
10	Cretic .....	do .....	180	30	280
11	Carpathia .....	do .....			
11	Roma .....	do .....	220	30	430
11	Algeria .....	do .....	49	5	40
12	Hamburg .....	do .....	503	100	680
13	König Albert .....	do .....	304	50	350
	Total .....		1,838	275	2,490

## PALERMO.

Mar. 10	San Giovanni .....	New York .....	125	200	72
12	Algeria .....	do .....	102	138	102
	Total .....		227	338	174

*Rejections recommended.*

## NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Trachoma.	Favus.	Suspected trachoma.	Suspected favus.	Other causes.	Total.
Mar. 9	San Giovanni.....	10	1	2	.....	.....	13
10	Luisiana .....	18	.....	12	1	.....	31
10	Cretic .....	2	3	4	1	1	11
11	Carpathia .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	Roma .....	9	1	5	.....	3	18
11	Algeria .....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
12	Hamburg .....	22	5	10	1	1	39
13	König Albert.....	12	.....	2	.....	1	15
	Total .....	76	10	35	3	6	130

## PALERMO.

Mar. 10	San Giovanni.....	14	.....	11	.....	.....	25
12	Algeria .....	7	.....	6	.....	1	14
	Total .....	21	.....	17	.....	1	39

*Smallpox*.—Week ended March 19. Cases: Trino (Novara), 6; Ceprano (Rome), 2; Pietragalla (Potenza), 2; Rizziconi, 25; Canolo, 2; Gerace Superiore, 3; Polistena (Reggio Calabria), 3; Trapani, 2.

## JAPAN.

*Report from Yokohama*—*Emigrants recommended for rejection.*

Passed Assistant Surgeon Cumming reports:

Number of emigrants per steamship *Asia* recommended March 11 for rejection: For Honolulu, 2; advised to wait, 7. Per steamship *Shawmut* for Tacoma, 3; advised to wait, 1. Rejections and detentions were for trachoma.

## MEXICO.

*Report from Coatzacoalcos*—*Inspection of vessels.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Thompson reports, March 26:

Week ended March 25. Bills of health were issued to 4 vessels.

*Report from Progreso*—*Smallpox among Yaqui laborers brought from Veracruz on steamships Esperanza and Sinaloa.*

Vice-Consul Williams reports, March 24:

During the week ended March 21, the American steamship *Esperanza* and the Mexican steamship *Sinaloa* brought from Veracruz 284 Yaqui laborers, intended for various plantations in the interior of this state. They were found by the quarantine officer to show symptoms of smallpox and were immediately taken to the lazaretto outside the town and closely guarded. Up to the present time, three days after their arrival, 27 cases of smallpox have developed among them. No deaths have occurred. No symptoms have been shown by residents of this port. General vaccination is being practiced.